NEUTRALIZATION MEDIA



NEUTRALIZER

SWT Neutralizer (P/N PH10003) is a naturally occurring calcium carbonate media. One of the advantages of Neutralizer is its self-limiting property. When properly applied, it corrects pH only enough to reach a noncorrosive equilibrium. It does not overcorrect under normal conditions. Upon contact with Neutralizer, acidic waters slowly dissolve the calcium carbonate to raise the pH which reduces the potential leaching of copper, lead and other metals found in typical plumbing systems. Periodic backwashing will prevent packing, reclassify the bed and maintain high service rates. Depending on pH, water chemistry and service flow, the Neutralizer bed will have to be periodically replenished as the Neutralizer is depleted. Certified to NSF/ANSI/CAN Standard 60.

FEATURES

- · Naturally occurring material
- Low uniformity coefficient for maximum contact for controlled pH correction
- Slower reacting for controlled pH correction
- Inexpensive

Suggested Operating Conditions

A gravel support bed is recommended

Bed Depth.....24 to 30 inches

Freeboard 50% of bed depth minimum

Backwash Rate...... 8 to 12 gpm per sq.ft.

Service Flow Rate 3-6 gpm/sq. ft.

Backwash Bed Expansion 20 - 40% of bed depth

Typical Properties

Color	Near White
Bulk Density	90 lbs./ cu. ft.
JS Standard Mesh Size	16 × 40
Specific Gravity	2.7 gm/cc
Effective Size	O.4mm
Iniformity Coefficient	1.5
Hardness	3.0 (Mohs scale)
Composition	CaCO3, 95% min ЛgCO3, 3.0% max

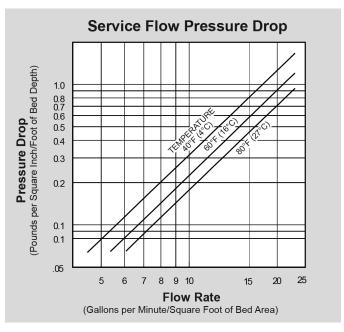
As the Neutralizer's calcium carbonate neutralizes the water, it will increase hardness and a softener may become necessary after the neutralizing filter. Neutralizer can be effectively combined with Neutralizer Plus to combine the high flow neutralization properties of Neutralizer Plus, along with the slower reacting low flow properties of Neutralizer, increasing the ability to correct low pH.



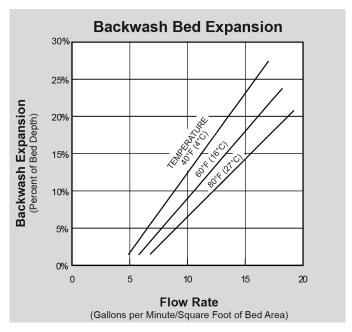
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PRESSURE DROP — The graph above shows the expected pressure loss per foot of bed depth as a function of flow rate at various temperatures.



BACKWASH — After each cycle the media bed should be backwashed at a rate that expands the bed 20 to 40 percent.

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